

CSC 438/539 Systems and Software Security

Instructor: Dr. Natarajan Meghanathan

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Question Bank for Module 8 – Secure Software Development Lifecycle – Requirements and Design Principles

- 1) Draw the diagram for the Secure SDLC and identify the different stages. Also indicate the additional stages that need to be implemented post-software development.

- 2) Draw a use case/misuse case diagram for the design of a secure communication channel (involving cryptography and steganography). Show how steganography can complement cryptography. Use the following relation types wherever appropriate: *includes*, *extends*, *threaten* and *mitigate* relation types.

- 3) Draw a use case/misuse case diagram for the design of a web forum that is resistant to any XSS attacks. Use the following relation types wherever appropriate: *includes*, *extends*, *threaten* and *mitigate* relation types.

- 4) Briefly state/explain the security requirement for each of the following application scenarios:
 - (i) Application stores sensitive information that must be protected for HIPAA compliance

 - (ii) The application transmits sensitive user information across potentially untrusted or unsecured networks

 - (iii) The application must remain available to legitimate users

 - (iv) The application supports multiple users with different levels of privilege.

- (v) The application is written in C or C++.
 - (vi) The application uses cryptography
 - (vii) The application opens files that are typically exchanged over untrusted links such as a media file over the Internet
 - (viii) The system needs to keep track of individual users and authentication must be enforced
- 5) What is an “Attack Surface” in the context of secure software design? Explain its significance and how is it related to accessibility of the system.
 - 6) Explain the relation between attack surface, code quality and the risk associated with software?
 - 7) Between UDP and TCP, which transport layer protocol provides a smaller attack surface and why? Justify your answer.
 - 8) Compare and contrast the “Defense in depth” and “Secure the weakest link” principles for secure design?
 - 9) Compare and contrast the “Secure by default” and “Fail securely” principles for secure design.
 - 10) What is the vulnerability in caching access control decisions? Explain using an example.
 - 11) Which access control model would you use to implement the “principle of least privilege” and why?