CSC 323 Algorithm Design and Analysis

Spring 2016 Instructor: Dr. Natarajan Meghanathan

Project 4: Determining the Maximum Element in an Unimodal Array using the Binary Search Logic

Due: March 10, 2016: 1 PM

In this project, you are given a unimodal array of *n* integers and your task is to find the maximum integer in the array in $\Theta(\log n)$ time. An unimodal array of integers is an array with entries that monotonically increase up to the maximum integer value and then monotonically decrease for the rest of the array. For example: {2, 5, 8, 9, 12, 15, 21, 17, 10, 4} is a unimodal array of ten integers that increase from 2 ... 21 and then decrease from 21 ... 4. The integer 21 is the maximum value of the integer in the array.

You could use a <u>modified version of the binary search algorithm</u> discussed in Module 2 to design and implement an algorithm for the above unimodal array maximum element problem.

Documentation (in both the hard copy report and video):

(1) Provide a pseudo code of a $\Theta(\log n)$ algorithm for the above problem and explain its working. (2) Explain your actual code and execute it with the following <u>three types of unimodal arrays of size at</u> least 10 integers:

- (i) The maximum integer is the first element in the array: *this is basically an array of integers sorted in descending/reverse order*
- (ii) The maximum integer is the last element in the array: *this is basically an array of integers sorted in increasing/ascending order*
- (iii) The array has a sequence of monotonically increasing sequence of at least three integers followed by a monotonically decreasing sequence of at least three integers

Submission: Submit the hard copy of the report with the above documentation in class and send the link for the recorded video via Google drive to natarajan.meghanathan@jsums.edu