

CSC 323 Algorithm Design and Analysis, Spring 2016

Instructor: Dr. Natarajan Meghanathan

Quiz 1 (February 2, 2016)

Max. Points: 25

Max. Time: 15 min.

1) (9 pts) Solve the summation below:

$$\sum_{j=0}^{n-2} \sum_{k=0}^{n-j-2} 1 = \sum_{j=0}^{n-2} (n-j-2-0+1) = \sum_{j=0}^{n-2} (n-1-j)$$

$$= \underset{j=0}{\uparrow} (n-1) + \underset{j=1}{\uparrow} (n-2) + \dots + \underset{j=n-2}{\uparrow} (1) = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

2) (8 points) Find the class $O(g(n))$ for the function: $\sqrt{2n^3 + 5n^2 + 3n + 2}$

Use reverse side for additional space, if needed

$$\text{Let } g(n) = n^2 = \sqrt{n^4}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{2n^3 + 5n^2 + 3n + 2}}{g(n) = n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{2n^3 + 5n^2 + 3n + 2}}{\sqrt{n^4}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{2n^3 + 5n^2 + 3n + 2}{n^4}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{2}{n} + \frac{5}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^3} + \frac{2}{n^4}} = 0.$$

$$\text{Hence, } \underline{\underline{\sqrt{2n^3 + 5n^2 + 3n + 2} = O(n^2)}}$$

Hence, $n^2 \log n = \Omega(n \log n)$
 $\Rightarrow n \log n_{100} = O(n^2 \log n)$

Note that $n \cdot \log n_{100} = 100 \times n \times \log n$.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 \log n_{100}}{n \log n_{100}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{100 n \log n}{n \log n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n} = \infty$$

3) (8 points) Derive the asymptotic relationship between the two functions: $n^2 \log(n)$ and $n \log(n_{100})$